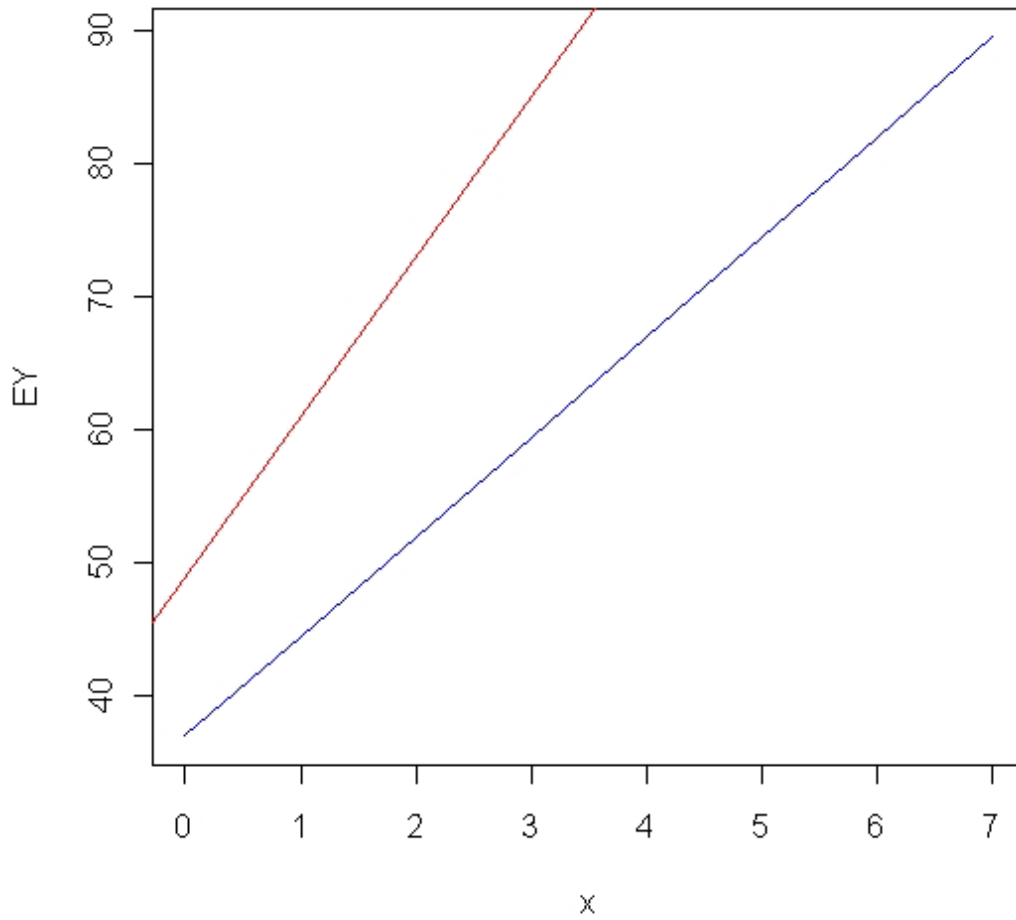
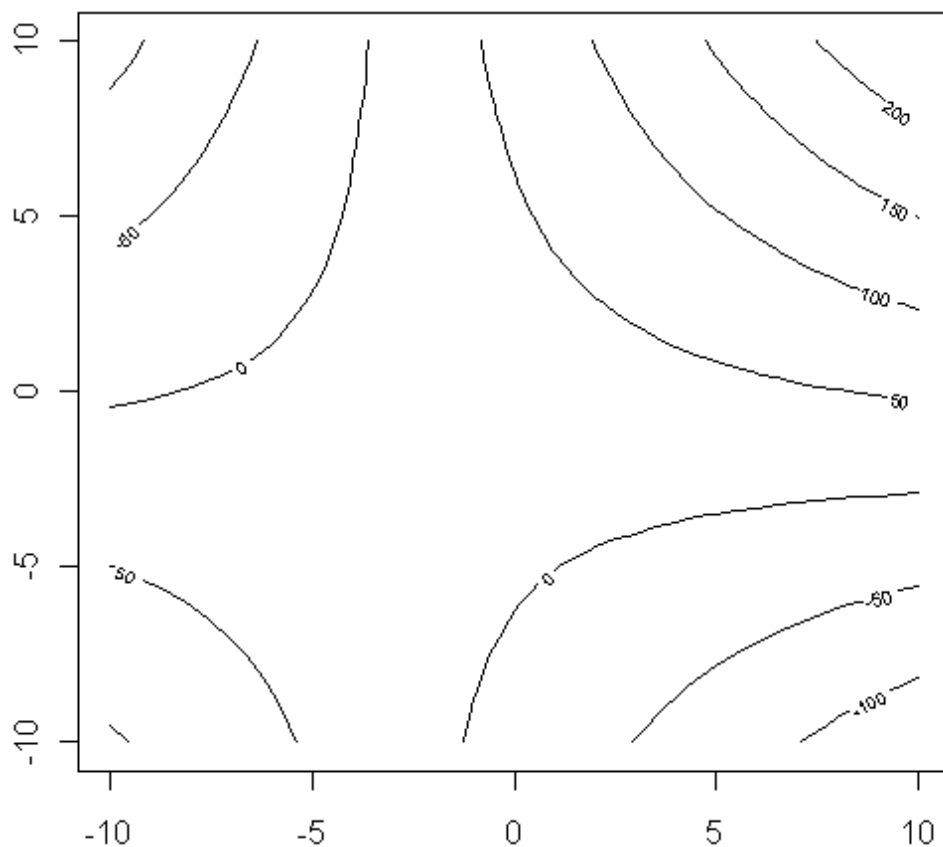


- 1.
 - a.



從圖形來看，我們知道 X_1 與 X_2 interaction 的影響在於 slope 的變化，當其中一個增加 1 unit, 另一個的 slope 相對應增加 1.5 unit.

- b. 從圖形來看， X_1 與 X_2 interaction 的影響在於讓 $E[Y]$ 的變化，會隨著 X_1 與 X_2 的變化而增加其變化量，而把它從 linear 的變化，轉變為 quadratic 的變化



2.

$$(a) X^T X = \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 10 \\ 10 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(b) (X^T X)^{-1} = \frac{1}{100} \begin{bmatrix} 10 & -10 \\ -10 & 20 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{10} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{b} = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T Y = \frac{1}{10} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} Y_1 + Y_2 + \cdots + Y_{20} \\ Y_1 + Y_2 + \cdots + Y_{10} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{Y_{11} + Y_{12} + \cdots + Y_{20}}{10} \\ \frac{Y_1 + Y_2 + \cdots + Y_{10}}{10} - \frac{Y_{11} + Y_{12} + \cdots + Y_{20}}{10} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 22.1 \\ 16.7 - 22.1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 22.1 \\ -5.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(c) H = X(X^T X)^{-1} X^T$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{10} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\
&= \frac{1}{10} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\
&= \frac{1}{10} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 \end{bmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{Y} = HY = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{10} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{10} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{10} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} Y_1 \\ Y_2 \\ \vdots \\ Y_{10} \\ Y_{11} \\ Y_{12} \\ \vdots \\ Y_{20} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 16.7 \\ 16.7 \\ \vdots \\ 16.7 \\ 22.1 \\ 22.1 \\ \vdots \\ 22.1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$SSE = \sum_{i=1}^{20} (Y_i - \hat{Y})^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{10} (Y_i - 16.7)^2 + \sum_{i=11}^{20} (Y_i - 22.1)^2 = 1535$$

$$SSR = \sum_{i=1}^{20} (\hat{Y} - \bar{Y})^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{10} (16.7 - 19.4)^2 + \sum_{i=11}^{20} (22.1 - 19.4)^2 = 20 \cdot 2.7^2 = 145.8$$

3.

$$(a) [g'(\eta) \cdot \eta^k]^2 = c \Rightarrow g'(\eta) = \sqrt{c} \eta^{-k} \Rightarrow g(\eta) = \sqrt{c} (1-k) \eta^{1-k} + d = \frac{\sqrt{c}(1-k)}{\eta^{k-1}} + d,$$

$$\text{取 } c = \frac{1}{(1-k)^2}, d = 0 \therefore \text{transformation 為 } \frac{1}{Y^{k-1}}.$$

$$(b) [g'(\eta) \cdot e^\eta]^2 = c \Rightarrow g'(\eta) = \sqrt{c} e^{-\eta} \Rightarrow g(\eta) = -\sqrt{c} e^{-\eta} + d = \frac{-\sqrt{c}}{e^\eta} + d,$$

$$\text{取 } c = 1, d = 0 \therefore \text{transformation 為 } \frac{-1}{e^Y}.$$

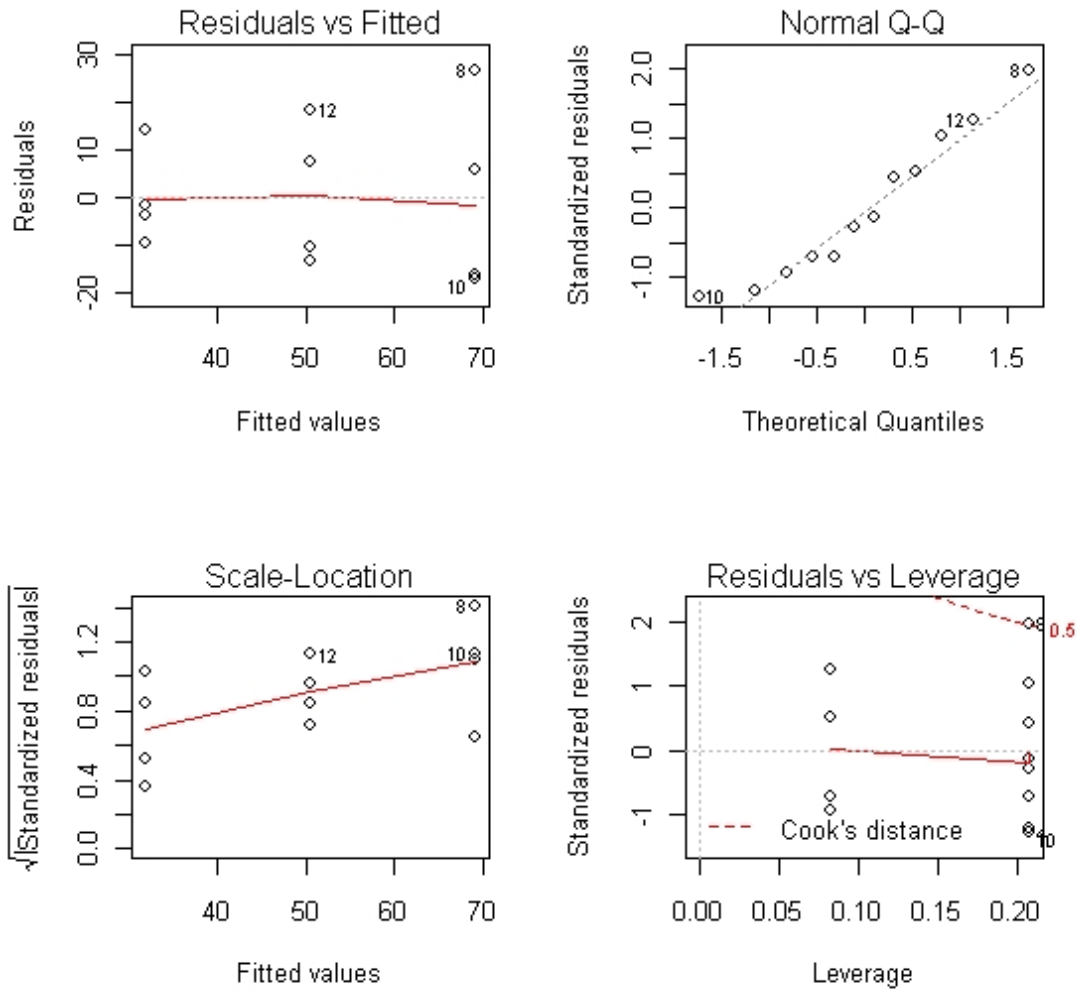
$$(c) \left[\frac{g'(\eta)}{\log(\eta)} \right]^2 = c \Rightarrow g'(\eta) = \sqrt{c} \log(\eta) \Rightarrow g(\eta) = \sqrt{c} (\eta \log(\eta) - \eta) + d$$

$$\text{取 } c = 1, d = 0 \therefore \text{transformation 為 } Y \log(Y) - Y.$$

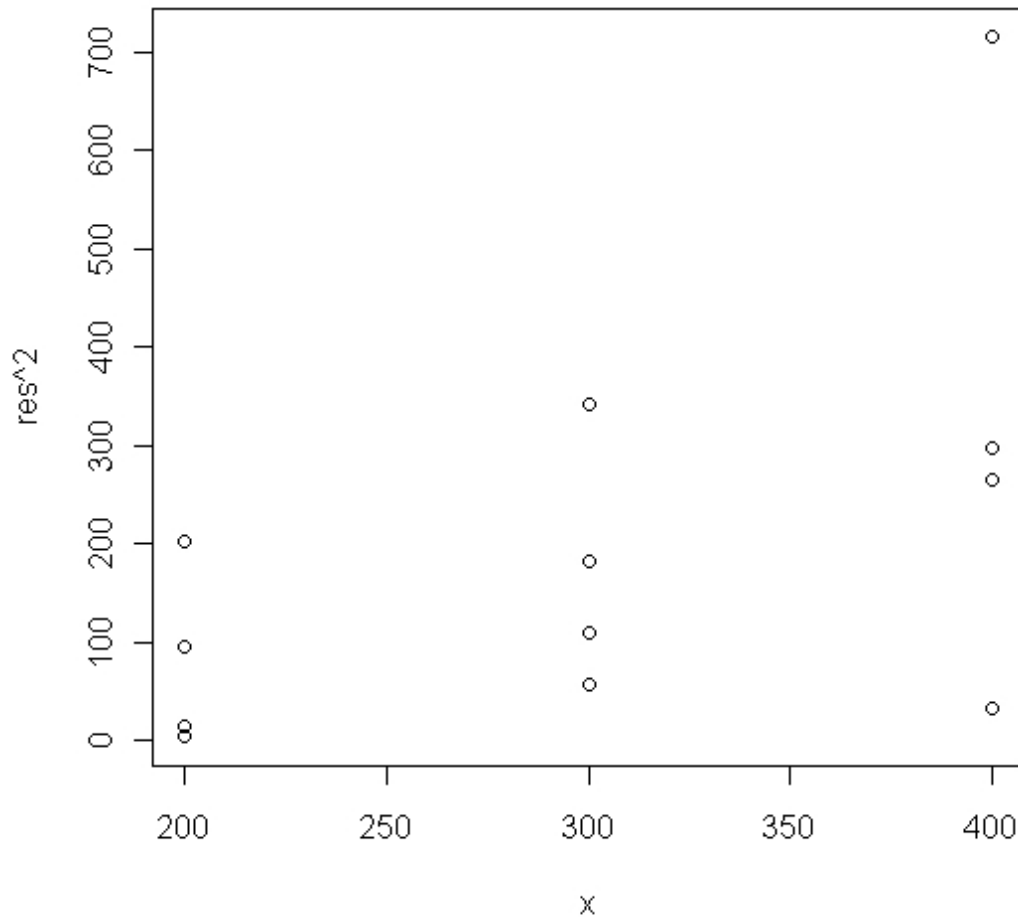
5.

a. 其 regression function 為 $\hat{Y} = -5.75 + 0.1875x$

從此圖形來看，我們可知其 error 不是 equal variance.



c.從圖形來看，我們可以猜測 error terms 其 variance 與 x^2 成正比。



d.

	x	Y	res	res^2	weights
1	200	28	-3.8	14.1	0.0146
2	400	75	5.8	33.1	0.0032
3	300	37	-13.5	182.2	0.0052
4	400	53	-16.2	264.1	0.0032
5	200	22	-9.8	95.1	0.0146
6	300	58	7.5	56.2	0.0052
7	300	40	-10.5	110.2	0.0052
8	400	96	26.8	715.6	0.0032
9	200	46	14.2	203.1	0.0146
10	400	52	-17.2	297.6	0.0032
11	200	30	-1.7	3.1	0.0146
12	300	69	18.5	342.2	0.0052

e. weighted least squares $\hat{Y} = -6.23322 + 0.18911x$ 與(a)略有不同。